BRONZE 1 Point each	1)Eliminate the parameter: $x = \sqrt{t}, \ y = 3t^2 + 2t$	2)Eliminate the Parameter $x = \ln t$, $y = t^2 + t$	3)Eliminate the Parameter: $x = 3\sin t + 2, y = 4\cos t - 1$
BRONZE 1 Point each	4) Find dy/dx: $x = \sqrt{t}, y = 3t^2 + 2t$	5) Find dy/dx: $x = \ln t, \ y = t^2 + t$	6) Find dy/dx: $x = 3\sin t + 2$, $y = 4\cos t - 1$
BRONZE 1 Point each	7) Find d^2y/dx^2 $x = \sqrt{t}, \ y = 3t^2 + 2t$	8) Find d^2y/dx^2 $x = \ln t$, $y = t^2 + t$	9) Find d^2y/dx^2 $x = 3\sin t + 2$, $y = 4\cos t - 1$

SILVER 2 Points each	10) Find point(s) of horizontal and vertical tangents $x = t + 5$, $y = t^2 - 4t$	11) Find points of horizontal and vertical tangents $x = t^2 - t + 1$, $y = t^3 - 3t$	12) Find points of horizontal and vertical tangents. $x = 3 + 2\cos t$, $y = -1 + 4\sin t$
SILVER 2 Points each	13) Find the arc length: $x = t^2, y = t^3, 0 \le t \le 2$	14) Find the arc length $x = e^{2t} + 1, y = 3t - 1, -2 \le t \le 2$	15) Find the arc length $x = 2\cos^3 t y = 2\sin^3 t$ [0,2pi]
SILVER 2 Points each	16) Given the position vector, find the velocity vector $r(t) = \langle t \sin t, t \cos t \rangle$	17) Given the position vector, find the velocity vector $r(t) = \langle te^{-t}, e^{-t} \rangle$	18) Given the position vector, find the velocity vector $r(t) = \langle t^2 + \sin 2t, \ t^2 - \cos 2t \rangle$

GOLD 4 Points each	The velocity $v(t)$ of a particle moving in the plane is given, along with the position of the particle at time $t=0$. Find the position of the particle at time $t=3$					
	19) $v(t) = <(t+1)^{-1}, (t+2)^{-2} > (3,-2)$	$20)$ $v(t) = <3t^2 - 2t, \ 1 + \cos \pi t > \ (2,6)$	21) $v(t) = \langle e^{t} - t, e^{t} + t \rangle (1,1)$			
GOLD 4 Points each	22) A particle moves with position vector $< \sec \pi t$, $\tan \pi t >$, for $0 \le t \le \frac{1}{2}$. Find the velocity and speed at $t=1/4$	23) A particle moves in the plane so that its position at any time t for 0 to 2pi, is given by $< \sin t, \cos(2t) >$. For what values of t is the particle at rest?	24) A particle moves in the plane so that its position at any time $[0, 2\pi]$ is given by $< e^t \sin t, e^t \cos t >$ Find the total distance traveled from $t = 0$ to $t = 1$			