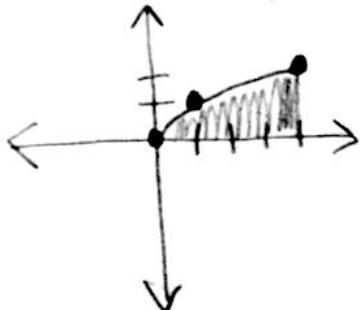


① Volume of the solid when $y = \sqrt{x}$ is revolved around x -axis from $0 \leq x \leq 4$

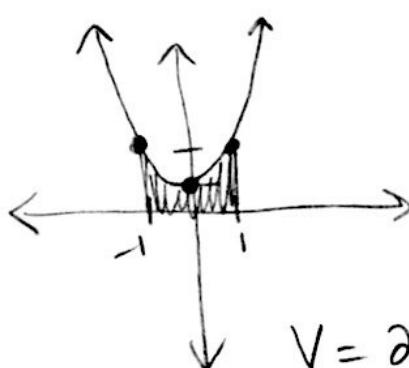


$$V = \pi \int_{0}^{4} (\sqrt{x})^2 dx$$

$$V = \pi \int_{0}^{4} x dx = \frac{\pi x^2}{2} \Big|_0^4$$

$$8\pi - 0 = \boxed{8\pi} \text{ units}^3$$

② Volume of solid generated when $y = x^2 + 1$, $x = -1$, and $x = 1$ revolved around x -axis



$$V = \pi \int_{-1}^{1} (x^2 + 1)^2 dx \quad \text{OR}$$

$$V = 2\pi \int_{0}^{1} (x^4 + 2x^2 + 1) dx$$

$$V = 2\pi \left(\frac{1}{5}x^5 + \frac{2}{3}x^3 + x \Big|_0^1 \right)$$

$$= 2\pi \left[\left(\frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{3} + 1 \right) - 0 \right] = 2\pi \left(\frac{3}{15} + \frac{10}{15} + \frac{15}{15} \right)$$

$$= 2\pi \cdot \frac{28}{15} = \boxed{\frac{56\pi}{15}} \text{ units}^3$$