

5.5 Bases Other Than e

$$\frac{d}{dx} [a^u] = (\ln a) a^u \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} [\log_a u] = \frac{1}{(\ln a)u} \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$$

#1-2) Find derivative.

$$1) f(t) = \frac{3^{2t}}{t} \quad f'(t) = \frac{t(\ln 3 \cdot 3^{2t} \cdot 2) - 3^{2t}}{t^2}$$

$$f'(t) = \frac{2t \cdot 3^{2t} \ln 3 - 3^{2t}}{t^2} = \frac{3^{2t}(2t \ln 3 - 1)}{t^2}$$

$$2) h(x) = \log_5 \frac{x\sqrt{x-1}}{2} = \log_5 x + \frac{1}{2} \log_5 (x-1) - \log_5 2$$

$$h'(x) = \frac{1}{(\ln 5)x} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{(\ln 5)(x-1)} - 0$$

$$h'(x) = \frac{1}{\ln 5} \left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{2(x-1)} \right)$$

3) Eqn of tangent line:

$$y = 5^{x-2} \text{ at } (2, 1)$$

$$y' = (\ln 5) 5^{x-2} \cdot 1$$

$$y' = (\ln 5) 5^{x-2}$$

$$y'(2) = \ln 5 \cdot 5^0 = \ln 5$$

$$y - 1 = \ln 5(x - 2)$$