

5

6) Find derivative.  
Use I.D.

$$\ln(xy) + 5x = 30$$

$$\ln x + \ln y + 5x = 30$$

$$\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} + 5 = 0$$

$$y \cdot \frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} = \left(-\frac{1}{x} - 5\right) \cdot y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y \left(-\frac{1}{x} - 5\right)$$

7) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  using log differentiation.

$$\ln y = \frac{\ln(x+1)(x+2)}{(x-1)(x-2)}$$

- 1) Take ln both sides
- 2) rewrite expanded
- 3) take derivative

$$\ln y = \ln(x+1) + \ln(x+2) - \ln(x-1) - \ln(x-2)$$

4) solve for  $\frac{dy}{dx}$

5) substitute  $y$

$$\frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{1}{x+2} - \frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{1}{x-2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y \left( \frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{1}{x+2} - \frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{1}{x-2} \right)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(x+1)(x+2)}{(x-1)(x-2)} \left( \frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{1}{x+2} - \frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{1}{x-2} \right)$$