

$$\text{Ex 2)} \quad \frac{d}{dx} \int_0^x \left(\frac{1}{1+t^2} \right) dt = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

$$\text{Ex 3)} \quad \frac{d}{dx} \int_0^{x^2} (\cos t) dt = \cos x^2 \cdot \frac{d}{dx} x^2 \quad (\text{chain rule})$$

not match! $= \cos x^2 \cdot 2x$
 $= 2x \cos x^2$

$$\text{Ex 4)} \quad \frac{d}{dx} \int_5^x (3t \cdot \sin t) dt$$

not a constant
so flip

$$- \frac{d}{dx} \int_5^x (3t \cdot \sin t) dt = -3x \sin x$$

$$\text{Ex 5)} \quad \frac{d}{dx} \int_{2x}^{x^2} \frac{1}{2+e^t} dt$$

neither are constants
so split

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left(\int_0^{x^2} \frac{1}{2+e^t} dt + \int_{2x}^0 \frac{1}{2+e^t} dt \right)$$

$$= \frac{d}{dx} \left(\int_0^{x^2} \frac{1}{2+e^t} dt - \int_0^{2x} \frac{1}{2+e^t} dt \right) = \frac{1}{2+e^{x^2}} \cdot 2x - \frac{1}{2+e^{2x}} \cdot 2$$

$$= \frac{2x}{2+e^{x^2}} - \frac{2}{2+e^{2x}}$$